

# The Oxford County Citizen.

VOLUME XXIX—NUMBER 39

BETHEL, MAINE, THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 21, 1924.

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## BETHEL AND VICINITY

Mr. Perley Flint was in Berlin, N. H., last week.

Mr. E. P. Ryan was out of town on business, Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Tyler were in Berlin, N. H., Saturday.

Mr. Ray Parker of Weymouth, Mass., is spending the week in town.

Mr. A. M. Morrill was a business visitor in Massachusetts last week.

Dr. and Mrs. I. H. Wight were in Gorham, N. H., one day last week.

Mrs. D. M. Forbes was the guest of relatives in Gorham, N. H., Sunday.

Mrs. Carl Brown was a guest of relatives at Northwest Bethel, Sunday.

Mr. Albion L. Buck of Norway was a business visitor in town, Thursday.

Edwin Morrill of West Bethel was the guest of relatives in town Sunday.

Prof. W. R. Chapman returned Saturday from a week's stay in New York.

Master Earl Richards of South Portland is visiting Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Lowe.

The many friends of Mr. Loren M. Olmstead are glad to see him on the street again.

Mrs. Ella T. Bryant of Dover-Foxcroft is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Farwell.

Mr. Eli Stearns was the guest of his daughter, Mrs. Chesley in Portland one day last week.

Mr. Elmon Jordan of Mechanic Falls was in town Thursday to attend the funeral of Mr. Nathan Bean.

Mr. and Mrs. Austin Jodrey are receiving congratulations on the birth of a daughter born Monday, Feb. 13.

Mr. E. C. Vandenberg is at the Western Maine Sanatorium at Greenwood Mountain for treatment.

The Ladies' Club of the Congregational Church will present "A Fashion Show, March 7. Watch for posters.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Vashaw are rejoicing over the birth of a daughter, Doris May-born Wednesday, Feb. 13.

Miss Ethel Hammons has returned home after a visit with her sister, Mrs. Roy Brown, and family in Berlin, N. H.

Mrs. Raymond Hutchinson and little daughter, Barbara, are guests of her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Collins Morgan.

Mrs. Ella Mansfield returned Thursday from Portland, N. H., where she has been the guest of her daughter, Mrs. Paul Badger, for the past two weeks.

Mrs. C. H. Steery of Anson, Maine, is spending sometime with her brother, S. S. Greenleaf, and family. Mr. Greenleaf's father, who has been ill, is improving.

Mrs. C. B. Oliver returned home from West Park last week, where she has been spending sometime with her parents. Her sister, Miss Jennie Hazel Gordon, accompanied her for a visit.

The lecture and pictures shown in Garland Chapel, Sunday evening, furnished an hour of entertainment and information that was worth while. The program displayed the world service plans and achievements of Methodism throughout the world.

Don't forget the winter carnival to be held on Friday of this week by the Gould's Academy Y. M. C. A. The carnival will be held on the Greenwood road in the field beyond the residence of Edgar Cross. An entertainment will be held in the William Hingham Gymnasium.

(Continued on page 4)

## SCOUT ACTIVITIES

Business meeting at 7. Initiation, dues, new plans, report of Sunday School attendance, membership committee instructed. The new plan of Mr. L. C. Bates will be discussed. This is the fourth meeting this year. Ten (10) cents pays the appointment for every boy that far in 1924. All boys who have outgrown the organization will be given honorable discharge in next meeting.

(Continued on page 4)

## BETHEL'S TOWN REPORT

We give here some interesting facts from the annual town report which contains 75 pages:

Valuation of property:

Real estate, resident, \$902,900

Real estate, non-resident, 107,785

Personal estate, resident, 375,948

Personal estate, non-resident, 38,650

Total valuation, \$1,425,373

Rate of taxation, \$3.35 on the dollar.

Rate of tax, \$3.00.

Number of polls taxed, 542

Number of polls not taxed, 62.

Paid for collecting taxes, 3-4 of 1922.

Live stock taxed, \$99,823.

Personal property, \$223,775.

There was available for support of poor \$1,557.45, and of this amount \$1,527.04 was expended during the year.

For miscellaneous expenses the sum of \$2,831.91 was expended.

It cost the town for town officers the sum of \$2,733.88.

The financial standing shows assets of \$9,554.17 and liabilities of \$13,423.86.

The appropriation for roads was \$6,500.00, with an overdraft of \$186.62 to be taken out, leaving a balance of \$6,313.38.

Commissioner Brown, despite a bad year, pulled out with a balance of \$146.33, and kept our roads in good repair.

To keep our roads passable during the winter of 1923-24, cost the town \$3,688.04.

For common schools the sum of \$10,000.00 was appropriated by the town and with money from other sources the sum total for common schools was \$14,007.45, which was expended as follows: overdrift, \$453.31; teachers salaries, \$3,924.70; fuel, \$1,031.34; janitors, \$523.49; conveyance, \$2,637.55; tuition paid other towns, \$250.00.

High school tuition appropriation was \$4,000.00 with \$600.00 from the State, making \$4,600.00 available for this purpose. An expenditure of \$5,433.34 was made.

Text books cost the town \$457.86 for the year.

Repairs on school buildings totaled \$1,500.72.

A total of \$378.56 was expended for supplies.

The treasurer's report shows a balance of \$1,956.00 on Feb. 1, 1924.

There are 42 articles in the warrant. The following is a summary of the different accounts as they appear in the report:

Abatement of taxes, \$491.33.

For support of poor there is an unexpended balance of \$30.41.

The sewer account shows \$39.36 overdrawn.

Expenses of Road Com., \$181.29.

Miscellaneous account shows an overdraft of \$22.10.

There is an unexpended balance of \$35.00 for town officers.

The road account shows an unexpended balance of \$146.33.

An overdraft of \$500.65 appears under sewer road account.

The State aid road account was overdrawn \$12.44.

The third class road account was overdrawn \$34.36.

Common school account was overdrawn \$217.13.

High school tuition account was overdrawn \$739.31.

There was \$30.33 unexpended for text books.

An overexpenditure of \$320.15 appears under the repair account.

The supplies account was overdrawn \$12.01.

Unexpended taxes for the year amount to \$1,293.29.

## RECITAL AND DANCE

The pupils of Miss Norris, who has been conducting dancing classes at Orange Hall for the past few weeks, will give a recital and dance at Orange Hall on Friday evening, Feb. 29, at 8 o'clock. Admission 50 cents plus war tax. The following program will be presented:

1. Fox Trot, Class

2. Waltz, Class

3. 1924 Fox Trot, Class

CLASH! DANCING

1. Schubert Waltzes, Miss Norris

2. Duet, Louise Hayden, Emily Randall

3. Trio, Miss Norris, Louise Hayden, Emily Randall

4. Exhibition Dance, Tange Fox Trot

5. Waltz, Grace Van, Edward Carlsen

6. Duet, Dorothy Edwards, Herbert New

7. Egyptian Ballet, Emily Randall

8. A Lady Picking Malheur, Louise Hayden

9. Rose Dance, Miss Norris

## GOULD'S TRIMS BERLIN

53 to 39

Friday night Gould's trimmed Berlin under the largest score Berlin has encountered for years. Gould's took the lead at the start and increased it throughout the game. Berlin played a plucky game but was easily outclassed by the team work of the Gould's boys.

The remarkable scoring of Gould's forwards was dependent to a great extent on the brilliant team work of Mad Berry who fed the ball to them from all parts of the floor. Sheridan and Locke starred for Berlin.

GOULD'S

W. Berry, rf, 7

Godard, lf, 3

M. Berry, c, 5

Koniston, rg, 3

Swan, lg, 0

Total, 15

BERLIN

Sheridan, rf, 7

Stanford, lf, 2

Locke, c, 7

Bloome, rg, 1

Rosenfield, lg, 0

Total, 15

Substitutions: Gould's, Thurston for Godard, Munn for M. Berry, Sweeney for Koniston; Berlin: Willoughby for Bloome, Reid for Rosenfield. Referee, Bartlett. Timer Herman Mason, Scores, Thomas, Bean.

This will prove to be a busy week for Gould's basketball team. On Thursday night Gould's boys and girls will meet the Norway High team. Norway has already suffered one stunning loss to the Gould's boys at Norway in a closely contested game. While Gould's girls lost out by one point, Norway will be out for revenge and from their season's record it would seem that Gould's will have to show some team work in order to win. Season tickets are good for this game.

Saturday night Gould's will be tested to the utmost when they battle the speedy Thornton Academy five from Saco. Thornton has one of the leading teams of Maine this season and has already trimmed Deering High and Westbrook High as well as several other fast teams. This will undoubtedly be Gould's hardest game of the season and is sure to prove a thriller. As this is an extra home game season tickets will not be good. The admission price will be twenty-five cents.

BETHEL MAN PRESENT AT LINCOLN DINNER IN NEW YORK

Prof. W. R. Chapman present at the Lincoln Dinner at Waldorf Astoria Hotel, New York.

Coolidge was Guest of Honor and Delivered His Famous Speech, at the Waldorf-Astoria Hotel, Feb. 12th.

Mr. Chapman says he well remembers attending all the Lincoln dinners back to President McKinley, as he has lived in the Waldorf-Astoria Hotel the past twenty-six years, and he states that no such enthusiasm has ever been witnessed for any President equal to that of the present evening. It was the largest dinner ever served in New York. The following is a clipping from the New York Globe giving a description of the same, that will be interesting to our readers to know what they served for dinner, and how much help it takes to take care of 2,439 guests:

"Many big dinners have been served in the Waldorf-Astoria, but the Lincoln Day dinner Tuesday night, with President Coolidge as the guest of honor, beat them all. Oscar said it was one of the largest dinners ever served in New York. It required a ton of chicken, 150 gallons of soup, and a like amount of ice cream. Two thousand, four hundred and thirty covers were served in the seven dining rooms by 423 waiters. One thousand persons assisted directly in serving the dinner, all being members of the Waldorf staff or affiliated waiters familiar with Waldorf methods.

"The greatest task was not in serving the meal, Oscar said, but in clearing the grand ballroom of the tables so that all might hear the President's speech. This was accomplished in twelve minutes 260 porters and housemen being assigned to the work."

CARD OF THANKS

This little word very freely expressed our heartfelt thanks for kindnesses shown to us the past month, to Mr. S. T. Achenbach, Bear River Grange, Mr. Grosvenor and many neighbors, also those who sent flowers.

Nellie Frost,

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## SUPREME JUDICIAL COURT

The February term of court opened in due form Tuesday morning of last week with prayer by Rev. Chester G. Miller.

All of the grand jurors as printed in a recent issue of the Citizen answered to the roll call, and immediately went into session to listen to the stories of sin committed in Oxford County during the past few months.

Reading the docket occupied most of the attention of the court Tuesday forenoon. There were 220 continued cases in the docket as printed, and 42 of these were marked for trial, 26 for jury trial, seven to be heard before the court, and nine divorce libels.

There was one noticeable thing about this reading, and that was the number of divorce libels that were dismissed.

0. There were a dozen or so. Evidently the married men and women of the county are growing more amiable toward each other.

There was quite a large number of attorneys present at this reading, among them:

Hugh W. Hastings, Fryeburg.

Walter L. Gray, South Paris.

E. E. Hastings, Fryeburg.

Harry Shaw, South Paris.

F. O. Partridge, Mechanic Falls.

N. G. Foster, Rumford.

Ellery C. Park, Bethel.

Ralph T. Parker, Rumford.

George R. Ashworth, Rumford.

George A. Hutchins, Rumford.

Matthew McCarthy, Rumford.

Walter P. Perkins, Cornish.

W. G. Conary, Norway.

E. F. Smith, Norway.

A. E. Stearns, Rumford.

Alfon C. Wheeler, South Paris.

Albert Beliveau, Rumford.

E. P. Corlies, Bridgton.

A. J. Stearns, Norway.

H. H. Hastings, Bethel.

Peter McDonald, Rumford.

William J. Flanagan, Rumford.

S. B. Ditchfield, Keegan Falls.

Sidney S. P. Thaxter, Portland.

Seven of the cases marked on the trial docket were assigned for Thursday.

Perhaps the most interesting proceeding of the opening day was the acceptance of four young men for the honors of the bar. They were Leslie E. Norbrook of South Portland, Kenneth E. Penland of South Portland, N. P. Napolitano of Portland, and Thomas E. Locke of Biddeford. These young men had already passed their examinations for the bar, the records of which were satisfactory to the presiding justice and they were admitted to the bar with the right to practice in the courts of all the counties of the State. Judge Phillips gave a little fatherly talk to them and urged that they so conduct themselves in their professional work and life as to be an honor to the calling upon which they have entered.

Wednesday was not a very busy day in court. Several divorce cases were heard by the judge, motions argued, etc. Four alimony were naturalized: Henry Sidney Jodrey, Bethel.

George Wesley Stearns, Bryant's Pond.

Coughlin L. Mills, South Paris.

Nasir W. Saleeby, Norway.

The first three were natives of Canada and renounced allegiance to Great Britain. The last man was a native of Syria.

The traverse jurors came in Thursday morning and were organized as follows:

FIRST JURY

B. M. Woodman, Rumford, Foreman.

J. Allen Bicknell, Paris.

Leah A. Brooks, Paris.

Jessie H. Bonary, Sumner.

Ernest Davenport, Hebron.

Edna R. Davenport, Canton.

Emerson Randall, Fryeburg.

Oscar E. Hardy, Hartford.

Ben H. Heimer, Norway.

Elva I. Knapp, Hyron.

Amos B. Melville, Peru.

Bessie M. Stearns, Hiram.

SECOND JURY

C. E. Fox, Bethel, Foreman.

Priscilla Blake, Brunswick.

Seah Brackett, Sweden.

Frank Harmon, Lovell.

Roscoe C. Hill, Norway.

L. L. Kimball, Lovell.

Frederic Kimball, Waterford.

John R. Ladd, Roxbury.

Lawrence G. Morse, Backfield.

Alfred Perkins, Paris.

Calby R. Ring, Greenwood.

J. H. Soule, Rumford.

SUPERNUMERARIES

C. C. Bryant, Bethel.

Robert Constantine, Rumford.

Arthur W. Frecker, Mexico.

D. W. Goodwin, Norway.

Loren R. Morrill, Paris.

James L. Pomeroy, Mexico.

Frank L. Wilson, Oxford.

L. R. Wight, Norway.

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## THE J. E. JONES LETTER

GOVERNMENT, AS USUAL

It was Plutarch who wanted to know why "pouring oil on the sea makes it clear and calm," and Milton coming down the greasy planks of time a few centuries later found that "nature hung in heaven, and filled their lamps with everlasting oil, to give due light to the misled and lonely traveler." Oil was once used in place of soap, and it cleaned, instead of smeared those who used it. It was likewise a symbol of joy, and only modern intriguers have found it necessary to lie about it. But some horrible creature seeking swift and awful punishment of an enemy suggested boiling them in oil. No one ever anticipated that Albert Fall, et al., would ever light the wick under their own teapot after filling it with oil. Washington has never experienced such a scandal. The Capitol has almost floated in oil, but the sea of politics is unlike the ocean because oil does not "clear and calm" its troubled surface.

Out of the hectic flash of this whole miserable affair, the facts show that a comparatively few men have been dishonestly involved. Only a few others have been indifferent, or stupid. Only a few others have been captured by the rewards of profitable employment by men like Doherty, who seems to have taken advantage of men's lowly financial estates. He has given them "better jobs," that have brought them into endless trouble. Honesty ought not to be a political question at all, and was stripped of its immense political significance the investigators of the oil scandal have been doing an excellent piece of work. They have demonstrated that while individuals may be weak, and that while some are faithless, that most of our trusted public servants are honest and true to their trust. The dome has blown off the political teapot and its smelly steam has offended the nostrils of all right thinking people. But through it all we have Government, as usual—and the Ship of State is safe.

DEYING UP AMERICAN SHIPPING

A resolution has been introduced in Congress to "investigate the Shipping Board."

Facts concerning American shipping have been laid bare for three or four years. The Shipping Board has been profuse with every detail of information affecting its operations. In the face of existing investigation the proposal that the Shipping Board be put on the carpet will create about as much enthusiasm as an alley cat conversing with the midnight moon. Everyone who has studied the subject at all knows that the Government was overloaded with wartime ships which could not be adapted to peace-time shipping. The boats that could be economically operated were sent to sea, and attempts to sell the wooden ships and the unwieldy warcraft were unsuccessful. The boats have become "wastings of war," and most of them are rotting away because there were no bidders for them. With the better ships the Government has set out to build up a passenger and freight business. But every form of operation has proved unprofitable because we are pioneers in the game, and foreign nations already have the trade fastened up against us. On account of our seamen's laws our wages are far greater than foreign wages rates. England and other Europeans have tied up with treaties that prevent American ships from monopolizing American ports and American business. In consequence of these handicaps our ships are operated at a tremendous loss. Congress gradually feels the bill, but adds practically nothing for replacement, and in consequence our American ships are following the pathway of "the wonderful one hour ship," that was built in such a logical way, it ran a hundred years to a day. Our nerves are on edge with "investigations," and none is needed to demonstrate that American shipping is being dried up. Without constructive help of some kind it can be only a few years before our flag will disappear from the high seas. The condition is a challenge that Congress has failed to meet.

THE SWITCH OF HARD TIMES

Every official report indicates hard times in the West. The trouble evidently is with agriculture, and low prices for farm products are carrying down many banks and business institutions. It is unusual for the agricultural West to suffer depression while the manufacturing regions of the East are prosperous. Usually the trouble is the other way about because manufacturing is on a more steady financial basis than farming. The proof is in the great volume of business with agricultural products on their transactions. On the other hand the farmers are not getting

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## NATHAN BEAN

On Monday, Feb. 11th, at his home on Railroad Street, Nathan Bean quietly breathed out his life after many months of increasing weakness due to advanced age.

Mr. Bean was born in Hanover, Maine, August 9th, 1843, the son of Peter York and Rebecca (Blake) Bean.

Two brothers and three sisters died in early youth in an epidemic of diphtheria,



## The High Priest in God's Presence

By REV. GEORGE E. GUILLE  
Pastor, Bethel Church, Bethel, Maine

THAT is the thing which we have spoken in the past. We have said that the high priest is the one who is in the presence of God, and who is the one who is the high priest of the people.

The man in the glory and the man in the presence of God, the high priest, is the one who is the high priest of the people.

In this spirit of prayer and devotion, the high priest is the one who is the high priest of the people.

These are the things which we have spoken in the past. We have said that the high priest is the one who is in the presence of God, and who is the one who is the high priest of the people.

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## ASKED AND ANSWERED

### ANNOUNCEMENT

This is a big new feature in *The Oxford County Citizen*. Send in your questions, and address them to U. R. Press Association, Confidential Trust Building, Washington, D. C. Enclose two cents in stamps for reply. Do not include medical, legal, courtship and marital questions, or expect attention to matters requiring extensive research. Mention this paper when you write.

Q. Did the earth at one time move out of its former location, bringing the equator farther South, and is the earth gradually working its way back to its original position?

A. Northward or southward movement of the equator is impossible by definition, being the earth's great circle every where equally distant from either pole, the planet slowly wobbles, like a top, so that its poles mark a circle over 25,000 years, changing the equator's position in space but not on the earth.

Q. What is meant by the term "eccentric architecture"?

A. The style of architecture prevalent at Constantinople, which it was the capital of the Greek empire in the East, alleged to have arisen about 650 B. C. The Byzantine churches are usually built in the form of a Greek cross. The style of architecture has been divided into three periods—the first from the time of Constantine to that of Justinian; the second extending to the eleventh century; and the third to the conquest of Constantinople by the Turks in 1453.

Q. How sugar a high food value?

A. Sugar is among the highest in efficiency and lowest in cost of our staple foods. The Department of Agriculture is quoted as saying that sugar is a valuable article of diet. As a source of fuel it is extremely economical. A pound yields 1,500 calories of energy. At six cents a pound it provides 100 calories of energy for one third cent (at the current retail price it would be about one-half cent), a figure lower than that for almost any other of the familiar food materials.

Q. Will you please acquaint me with the Einstein theory? Also the Newton theory.

A. In 1905 there appeared in the world of science a new theory of relativity, dealing with physics in general and with light and gravitation in particular. Albert Einstein is the author of the theory, although a German by birth he is a naturalized citizen of Switzerland, where he taught physics before the war, at the beginning of which he returned to the University of Berlin. The new theory deals with fundamental ideas and is exceedingly difficult and complicated.

The three law-based laws of motion propounded by Newton, as well as Newton's law of gravitation, are true, according to Einstein, only for moderate velocities. For the greatest velocities he maintains that these laws require serious modification. The briefest and general definition of the Newton theory is that light is not homogeneous, but is produced by the blending of several simple or primitive lights of unequal refrangibility.

Q. How many miles of telephone lines are there in the United States?

A. General C. C. Vice President of the American Telephone and Telegraph Company, says that there are 32,000,000 miles.

Q. Is pharmacology an aid in discovering a man's potentialities?

A. Scientists say that this doctrine of science, teaches that a relation exists between the several faculties to the human mind and particular portions of the brain, the latter being the organ through which the former acts. That the brain, taken as a whole, is the part of the human body through which the mind operates, has been known since the time of the ancients. Later it was learned that the intellectual faculties are divided into perceptual and motor, and that they were localized on the brain, or rather on the skull, for the majority of the elements of the skull are made of bone, and are therefore solid.

Q. What was the peak price of gold in 1900?

A. In 1900 the price of gold was \$20.67 an ounce.

Q. Will you be good enough to do me the courtesy of the term citizen?

A. A citizen, especially one who enjoys the privileges of citizenship, is one who is a citizen of a nation, a state, or a city. A citizen may be either a native-born or a naturalized citizen. Under the provisions of the naturalization laws at the time of the 18th century, the citizenship of a naturalized citizen was the same as that of a native-born, but if the naturalized citizen was not a native-born, he was not a citizen of the United States.

only, his wife was classified as an alien. Unmarried women were classified the same as men. A foreign-born widow, or foreign-divorced wife of a citizen of the United States retains the citizenship status of her former husband as long as she continues to reside in this country, and a foreign-born widow or foreign-born divorced wife of an alien could become naturalized in the same manner as a man. Changes in the naturalization laws since the 1910 census have given additional rights to women.

Q. What is the "antiquity" of Smithfield ham?

A. The building in Smithfield, Virginia, carries the printed announcement that it was first introduced in the commercial world as a packing house for hams in 1800.

Q. We recently had a very instructive and entertaining lecture by Dr. Charles Williamson on "Our National Parks." Do Departments at Washington furnish free films and pay the expenses of this class of lecturer? If so, kindly give particulars.

A. The Agricultural Department films 198 subjects. The National Park Service, Bureau of Mines, Bureau of Education, The Reclamation Service, and the Coast and Geodetic Survey, all have interesting pictures. The general policy is to loan the films to responsible organizations or persons who will pay the charges both ways. Dr. Williamson and a number of public spirited private citizens have given their services free of charge in delivering lectures in connection with the showing of films. There is no provision for free lectures, but wide-awake citizens and officials can often be secured through the help of the Government Bureau as in the case where in Dr. Williamson rendered such valuable service to a North Carolina city.

Q. The writer has an old violin stamped "Stainer" on the back, and on the inside as follows: "Jacobus Stainer in Absam prope Opontium 1636." Is this likely to be genuine?

A. A reputable authority in Washington, on violins, says that the chances are one thousand to one that the label or marking is a fake, as that is about the percentage of real and imitation Stainers. Only an expert is able to distinguish the difference, and that by personal inspection.

Q. What, and where, is the Continental Divide, and the Triple Divide Peak?

A. The Rocky Mountain range is known as the Continental Divide. Triple Divide Peak marks the only mountain in the United States whose drainage flows into the Atlantic and the Pacific Oceans, and into Hudson Bay. It is located in Glacier County, Montana, and is included in the Glacier National Park. The United States Geographic Board has named the small creek flowing South-west, "Pacific Creek." The creek flowing to the Northeast is called "Atlantic Creek," and the creek flowing due North to the Hudson Bay, is called "Hudson Bay Creek." The altitude of Triple Divide Peak is 8,001 feet.

Q. Who gave us the "Golden Rule"?

A. The Golden Rule laid down by Jesus in the Sermon on the Mount was: "Therefore all things whatsoever ye would that men should do to you, do even so to them; for this is the law and the prophets."

Q. When and where is it proper for men to wear full dress and tuxedo?

A. During the war President Wilson said these garments were obsolete and following his lead the discriminating men in Washington appeared anywhere in their business suits. Social customs are again recognized in Washington much as before, except that the tuxedo is considered sufficiently formal for all occasions. A great deal is written about the social leadership of Washington, and taking the Capital city as a stand, and it is the usual thing, outside of State and Diplomatic circles to find the men wearing full dress, tuxedo, Prince Alberts, adiwags, and business suits.

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Q. What was the peak price of gold in 1900?

A. In 1900 the price of gold was \$20.67 an ounce.

Every year this country's furnaces eat up about 75,000,000 tons of iron ore. Present smelting methods require ore containing 60 per cent or more of iron. The Jackling method, now being tried in Minnesota, uses low grade ore of the magnetic variety, hitherto wasted.

Q. Where is National Statuary Hall located and what does it represent?

A. The National Hall of Statuary was formerly a corridor of the United States House of Representatives, in the Capitol, at Washington. It was established by Congress, July 2, 1864. Most of the States have responded to the invitation to contribute marble or bronze statues of their most distinguished deceased citizens.

Q. Does President Coolidge smoke?

A. Yes, but he makes it look like a very hard work.

Q. What is the "antiquity" of Smithfield ham?

A. The building in Smithfield, Virginia, carries the printed announcement that it was first introduced in the commercial world as a packing house for hams in 1800.

Q. We recently had a very instructive and entertaining lecture by Dr. Charles Williamson on "Our National Parks." Do Departments at Washington furnish free films and pay the expenses of this class of lecturer? If so, kindly give particulars.

A. The Agricultural Department films 198 subjects. The National Park Service, Bureau of Mines, Bureau of Education, The Reclamation Service, and the Coast and Geodetic Survey, all have interesting pictures. The general policy is to loan the films to responsible organizations or persons who will pay the charges both ways. Dr. Williamson and a number of public spirited private citizens have given their services free of charge in delivering lectures in connection with the showing of films. There is no provision for free lectures, but wide-awake citizens and officials can often be secured through the help of the Government Bureau as in the case where in Dr. Williamson rendered such valuable service to a North Carolina city.

Q. The writer has an old violin stamped "Stainer" on the back, and on the inside as follows: "Jacobus Stainer in Absam prope Opontium 1636." Is this likely to be genuine?

A. A reputable authority in Washington, on violins, says that the chances are one thousand to one that the label or marking is a fake, as that is about the percentage of real and imitation Stainers. Only an expert is able to distinguish the difference, and that by personal inspection.

Q. What, and where, is the Continental Divide, and the Triple Divide Peak?

A. The Rocky Mountain range is known as the Continental Divide. Triple Divide Peak marks the only mountain in the United States whose drainage flows into the Atlantic and the Pacific Oceans, and into Hudson Bay. It is located in Glacier County, Montana, and is included in the Glacier National Park. The United States Geographic Board has named the small creek flowing South-west, "Pacific Creek." The creek flowing to the Northeast is called "Atlantic Creek," and the creek flowing due North to the Hudson Bay, is called "Hudson Bay Creek." The altitude of Triple Divide Peak is 8,001 feet.

Q. Who gave us the "Golden Rule"?

A. The Golden Rule laid down by Jesus in the Sermon on the Mount was: "Therefore all things whatsoever ye would that men should do to you, do even so to them; for this is the law and the prophets."

Q. When and where is it proper for men to wear full dress and tuxedo?

A. During the war President Wilson said these garments were obsolete and following his lead the discriminating men in Washington appeared anywhere in their business suits. Social customs are again recognized in Washington much as before, except that the tuxedo is considered sufficiently formal for all occasions. A great deal is written about the social leadership of Washington, and taking the Capital city as a stand, and it is the usual thing, outside of State and Diplomatic circles to find the men wearing full dress, tuxedo, Prince Alberts, adiwags, and business suits.

Q. How many miles of telephone lines are there in the United States?

A. General C. C. Vice President of the American Telephone and Telegraph Company, says that there are 32,000,000 miles.

Q. Is pharmacology an aid in discovering a man's potentialities?

## EASTERN CASUALTY INSURANCE CO., BOSTON, MASS.

Assets Dec. 31, 1923

Real Estate, 1,000,000.00  
Mortgage Loans, 1,000,000.00  
Collateral Loans, 1,000,000.00  
Stocks and Bonds, 1,000,000.00  
Cash in Office and Bank, 1,000,000.00  
Agents' Balances, 1,000,000.00  
Bills Receivable, 1,000,000.00  
Interest and Rents, 1,000,000.00  
All other Assets, 1,000,000.00

Gross Assets, 1,000,000.00  
Deduct items not admitted, 1,000,000.00

Admitted, 1,000,000.00  
Liabilities Dec. 31, 1923  
Net Unpaid Losses, 1,000,000.00  
Unearned Premiums, 1,000,000.00  
All other Liabilities, 1,000,000.00  
Cash Capital, 1,000,000.00  
Surplus over all Liabilities, 1,000,000.00

Total Liabilities and Surplus, 1,000,000.00

THE HARTFORD STEAM BOILER INSPECTION AND INSURANCE COMPANY

Hartford, Conn.  
Assets Dec. 31, 1923

Real Estate, 1,000,000.00  
Mortgage Loans, 1,000,000.00  
Collateral Loans, 1,000,000.00  
Stocks and Bonds, 1,000,000.00  
Cash in Office and Bank, 1,000,000.00  
Agents' Balances, 1,000,000.00  
Bills Receivable, 1,000,000.00  
Interest and Rents, 1,000,000.00  
All other Assets, 1,000,000.00

Gross Assets, 1,000,000.00  
Deduct items not admitted, 1,000,000.00

Admitted, 1,000,000.00  
Liabilities Dec. 31, 1923  
Net Unpaid Losses, 1,000,000.00  
Unearned Premiums, 1,000,000.00  
All other Liabilities, 1,000,000.00  
Cash Capital, 1,000,000.00  
Surplus over all Liabilities, 1,000,000.00

Total Liabilities and Surplus, 1,000,000.00

U. S. BRANCH LONDON GUARANTEE & ACCIDENT CO., LTD.

Chicago, Ill.  
Assets Dec. 31, 1923

Real Estate, 1,000,000.00  
Mortgage Loans, 1,000,000.00  
Collateral Loans, 1,000,000.00  
Stocks and Bonds, 1,000,000.00  
Cash in Office and Bank, 1,000,000.00  
Agents' Balances, 1,000,000.00  
Bills Receivable, 1,000,000.00  
Interest and Rents, 1,000,000.00  
All other Assets, 1,000,000.00

Gross Assets, 1,000,000.00  
Deduct items not admitted, 1,000,000.00

Admitted, 1,000,000.00  
Liabilities Dec. 31, 1923  
Net Unpaid Losses, 1,000,000.00  
Unearned Premiums, 1,000,000.00  
All other Liabilities, 1,000,000.00  
Cash Capital, 1,000,000.00  
Surplus over all Liabilities, 1,000,000.00

Total Liabilities and Surplus, 1,000,000.00

NEW HAMPSHIRE FIRE INS. CO. OF Manchester, New Hampshire

Assets Dec. 31, 1923

Real Estate, 1,000,000.00  
Mortgage Loans, 1,000,000.00  
Collateral Loans, 1,000,000.00  
Stocks and Bonds, 1,000,000.00  
Cash in Office and Bank, 1,000,000.00  
Agents' Balances, 1,000,000.00  
Bills Receivable, 1,000,000.00  
Interest and Rents, 1,000,000.00  
All other Assets, 1,000,000.00

Gross Assets, 1,000,000.00  
Deduct items not admitted, 1,000,000.00

Admitted, 1,000,000.00  
Liabilities Dec. 31, 1923  
Net Unpaid Losses, 1,000,000.00  
Unearned Premiums, 1,000,000.00  
All other Liabilities, 1,000,000.00  
Cash Capital, 1,000,000.00  
Surplus over all Liabilities, 1,000,000.00

Total Liabilities and Surplus, 1,000,000.00

THE RIDGELY PROTECTIVE ASSOCIATION Worcester, Mass.

Assets Dec. 31, 1923

Real Estate, 1,000,000.00  
Mortgage Loans, 1,000,000.00  
Collateral Loans, 1,000,000.00  
Stocks and Bonds, 1,000,000.00  
Cash in Office and Bank, 1,000,000.00  
Agents' Balances, 1,000,000.00  
Bills Receivable, 1,000,000.00  
Interest and Rents, 1,000,000.00  
All other Assets, 1,000,000.00

## TO OUR READERS:

If you desire any extra copies of the Citizen, please let us know about it not later than Wednesday morning as we do not print more than we need for our regular subscribers.

## House For Sale

Single tenement house, painted and in good repair, located in South Paris village on Park Street; price, \$1400.

## L. A. BROOKS

REAL ESTATE DEALER  
10 MARKET SQUARE  
SOUTH PARIS, MAINE

## SOCIETY DIRECTORY

A cordial invitation is extended to strangers who belong to any of these organizations to visit meetings when in town.

BETHEL LODGE, No. 97, F. & A. M., meets in Masonic Hall the second Thursday evening of every month. D. Grover Brooks, W. M.; Fred H. Merrill, Secretary.

PURITY CHAPTER, No. 162, O. E. S., meets in Masonic Hall the first Wednesday evening of each month. Mrs. Elizabeth Garay, W. M.; Mrs. Pearl Tibbitts, Secretary.

MT. ABRAHAM LODGE, No. 31, I. O. O. F., meets in their hall every Friday evening. D. M. Forbes, N. G.; A. C. Brink, Secretary.

SUNSET BEBEKAH LODGE, No. 44, I. O. O. F., meets in Odd Fellows' Hall the first and third Monday evenings of each month. Mrs. Emily Forbes, N. G.; Mrs. Anna French, Secretary.

SUBURBY LODGE, No. 23, K. of P., meets in Grange Hall every Tuesday evening. Kenneth McInnis, C. C. John Harrington, K. of R. and S.

NACOMI TEMPLE, No. 62, PYTHIAN SISTERS, meets the second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month at Grange Hall. Mrs. Heester K. Sanborn, M. E. C. Mrs. Minnie Bennett, M. of R. and C.

BROWN POST, No. 44, G. A. R., meets at Odd Fellows' Hall the second and fourth Thursday evenings of each month. Mrs. Martha Kendall, President; Mrs. Eva Hastings, Secretary.

GEORGE A. MUNDT POST, No. 81, AMERICAN LEGION, meets the first Tuesday of each month in its rooms. Albert Grover, Commander; Lloyd Lorton, Adjutant.

BETHEL GRANGE, No. 56, F. of H., meets in their hall the first and third Thursday evenings of each month. P. E. Russell, M.; Mrs. Eva Hastings, Secretary.

"Cold in the Head"  
Is an acute attack of Nasal Catarrh. These subjects to frequent "colds in the head" will find that the use of HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE will build up the system, cleanse the blood and render them less liable to catch. Repeated attacks of Acute Catarrh may lead to Chronic Catarrh.

HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE is taken internally and acts through the blood on the mucous surfaces of the throat, thus reducing the inflammation and restoring normal conditions.

Prepared by J. C. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio.

## BUSINESS CARDS

FURNISHED ROOMS  
AUTO AND TRAM CONVEYANCE  
C. C. BRYANT

2 Mechanic Street, Bethel, Maine  
Telephone Connection

S. S. GREENLEAF  
FURNERAL DIRECTOR & MORTICIAN  
AUTO HEARSE

AMBULANCE FOR MOVING THE DEAD  
Day and Night Service  
BETHEL, MAINE  
Phone 18-4

H. E. LITTLEFIELD  
AUTO AND HORSE LIVERY  
Day or Night Service

Bethel, Maine  
Telephone

E. E. WHITNEY & CO.  
BETHEL, MAINE

Marble and Granite Workers  
Chaste Designs  
First Class Workmanship  
Letters of inquiry promptly answered. See our work.

Get our prices.  
E. E. WHITNEY & CO.  
Satisfaction Guaranteed

C. L. DAVIS  
Dealer in  
FARM IMPLEMENTS  
COAL AND WOOD  
BETHEL, ME.

LIFE FIRE AUTOMOBILE LIABILITY INSURANCE  
WALTER E. BARTLETT,  
Tol. 30-5 Bethel, Maine

## BOSTON

For Week

BRIGHTON  
TON WESTER  
PORT: 1100  
about steady  
sales 17.00-22.00

Fruit and  
Florida vegetable  
light and  
heavy, the market  
is steady at  
\$1.25 per box in  
type. California  
tomatoes recovered  
per crate of 4  
Boston received  
by steady at  
\$1.25 per box in  
type. Canadian  
\$1.15-1.17 per  
box; Canadian  
\$1.10 per box in  
type. Apples, oranges  
and "lifes" North  
western mostly  
steady at New  
points sold at  
\$1.00 on common  
stock with a  
per bbl. Florida  
11 averaged 12.00  
\$1.20 per box with  
mostly 12.00-12.00  
navel oranges  
12.75-14.00 mostly  
imported brought  
\$1.00 per box  
\$1.00 per box in  
type. DAIRY  
Dressed poultry  
steady with a  
both fowl and  
chickens are  
as turned to use  
as coarse meat  
meats. Light fowl  
and good ducks  
4-15 lb. by 30  
chickens; 5 lb.  
2-3 lb. Live poultry  
to firm on both  
receipts have been  
chickens rather  
mild. Fowl  
better market  
lower on all  
captive and are  
the moment. Sun-  
dried and con-  
serves. 2-3 lb.  
extra 14-15, extra  
16, seconds 12-13  
with a few  
Distributors: First

After waiting  
trial, a \$19,000  
by Pendleton  
against the  
Company of Dr.  
in district court  
Hement effected  
and an entry  
costs made. D.  
because of the  
at a wharf owner  
the Penobscot

After smoldering  
months, fire in  
coal in the  
Loomis, Maine  
rushed. For a  
the attacks of  
scientists and co-  
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proved to be the  
than 30 tons were  
in and the remain-  
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K. Baker of Pen-  
sentenced in 1912  
to not less than  
12 years in  
with a white  
dilation is that  
month to Mrs. C.  
Portland, a mem-  
ber of the reformatory.

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central engineer  
trial arbitrator lo-  
banded by the  
the Citizen's co-  
Meyer William I.  
dock will serve a  
Judge Landis and  
major problems  
industry. The  
of \$10,000. The  
of the working  
are years.

The completion  
the construction  
Pawer Co.'s earli-  
Deerfield River  
was announced  
less. The last  
of the diversion  
log, drilled through  
has taken care of  
construction was  
June 1, 1922. From  
can hold back the  
flood in Southern  
in a few weeks  
and the acres  
square miles of  
section of the river  
will become a  
and holding 35,000  
water.

Lesley Greenleaf  
given a "dynamite"  
As he approached  
which was kept  
to wreck a  
suddenly became









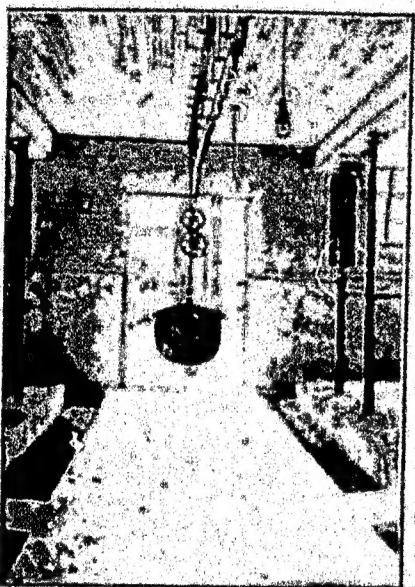


## Well Ventilated Barns for Dairy

Experts Have Found That  
Dirty Old Structure Was  
Germ Breeding Place.

Modern living conditions have caused people to pay much greater attention to the milk supply in recent years. Laws have been made to insure cleanliness and sanitary conditions in handling milk, that the health of the consumer may not be endangered. Rigid inspection to prevent sale of milk from diseased cows has been established throughout the country. Clean, well ventilated barns are absolutely necessary to healthy cows. The old, dirty barn was a breeding place for disease, especially tuberculosis, experts have found. The rough floors could not be properly cleaned, and filth and germs accumulated constantly.

Value of Concrete Seen. With the increase in demand for sanitary barns the value of concrete is coming to be recognized more and more. Many farmers are tearing up old plank floors and building sanitary concrete floors in their barns. These floors can be laid even in the winter if the temperature inside of the barn can be kept above freezing until the concrete is hardened. Agricultural colleges and many barn equipment manufacturers are now furnishing free to farmers the plans for construction of sanitary dairy barns. The site of the barn should be leveled off and cleared of rubbish and all holes in the ground should be filled and tamped solid. Good practice is to build a manger curb first. Correct execution of this work is absolutely necessary in order that the steel stanchions will fit. The



Interior of Well Cleaned and Ventilated Dairy Barn.

curb should be five or six inches thick and project about six inches above the top of the floor level when finished. A 1-2-3 concrete mixture is best for the curb.

Mix Cement With Sand. This means that each sack of portland cement must be mixed with two cubic feet of sand, three cubic feet of pebbles or crushed rock. The sand should pass through a screen with a one-fourth inch mesh. The stone should be clean, rough and vary in size from one-fourth inch to one and one-half inches. Concrete must be placed in the form immediately after mixing and thoroughly tamped or spaded to insure complete filling of all holes. The next step probably should be the building of the stall platform, for which a 1-2-3 mixture is used. The full thickness of the floor is placed at once. The work should be finished with a wood float to make the surface sufficiently gritty to prevent it from becoming slippery.

The concrete mangers may be placed at the same time as the stall platform, using the same mixture of concrete. The surface of the manger should be finished with a steel trowel to insure its smooth surface for the animals to eat from. Litter and feed alleys may be constructed after the mangers and stalls are laid. Concrete floors should be hardened from ten days to two weeks before being used.

### Warring on Insects in Winter Is Proper Plan

The surest and cheapest way to decrease the flies and all insect pests is to destroy by burning or poisoning under deeply everything that will harbor them safe "hiding" during winter. Spread and place under manure and litter. Cover deeply all cracks, troughs or other things that afford shelter for insects. Poisoning will get most of them by breaking up their winter homes. Poisoning is expensive and better results will be obtained by killing them before they come out in the spring. Never-remembering warfare will be necessary if good grids, from house to house, are to be had. After insects are out and ready for attack flies will prove their value.

### Water Warmed for Cows Increases Flow of Milk

Water warmed for the cows during very cold weather increases the milk flow. Cows naturally want to drink hot water, but are averse to cold water. When that is all they have they will not take nearly so much as if it were warm. The drop in the milk flow in extreme weather is usually three directly (calculable to each of us). That is why some farmers, at the top of the winter, pay big money for

## CHURCH ACTIVITIES

**CHRISTIAN SCIENCE CHURCH**  
Spring Street  
Sunday School at 10.00 A. M.  
Sunday services at 10.45 A. M.

**UNIVERSALIST CHURCH**  
Walter W. Wolfe, Minister  
Church Calendar, Sunday, Feb. 24:  
10.45 A. M.: Devotional service, Sermon topic, "Religion and Patriotism."  
12.00 Noon: Sunday School. Adult Bible Class conducted by the minister. Topic, "The Period of the Judges." If you wish to know what Higher Criticism and the scientific attitude has accomplished in the field of Old Testament study, come, and join this class.  
7.30 P. M.: Community service at William Bingham Gymnasium. Mr. H. E. Dunnack, State Librarian at Augusta, will be the speaker. An offering to defray expenses will be taken.

**METHODIST CHURCH**  
Rev. C. B. Oliver, Minister  
Hours of worship and special activities explained:  
Sunday morning at 10.45, first period of worship for the day. There will be special music. The order will be as follows:  
Voluntary  
Hymn  
Apostles Creed  
Prayer  
Anthem  
Responsive Reading  
Gloria  
Scripture  
Notices and Offering  
Hymn  
Sermon, "How to Put God First"  
Hymn  
Benediction

The Church School at 12 o'clock. Organization for every department is nearly complete. Keep in mind the very important Church School Board meeting for the last Tuesday in this month.

The Epworth League will meet at 3.45 or earlier on Sunday evening.

Evening union service of all the churches at William Bingham Gymnasium at 7.30. The State Librarian, Rev. H. E. Dunnack, will bring the message. There will be special musical features. Tuesday evening—Mid-week hour of prayer and personal experience at 7.15 sharp. (downstairs). Most important Church School Board meeting of the year. Come and give your School a place in the world. Come early to the worship hour. Church which have lost their mid-week hour of worship are willing to pay any price to get the same back again. There is no substitute for this kind of worship.

The Ladies' Aid will spend the day, Thursday, with Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Adams at West Bethel.

**CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH**  
Rev. S. T. Achenbach, Minister  
Saturday, 6.40 P. M.: Chorus rehearsal.  
Sunday, Feb. 24:  
10.45: Morning worship conducted by the pastor. Series of sermons continued.  
12.00: Session of the Church School.  
7.30: Community service in the Wm. Bingham Gymnasium. Address by Rev. H. E. Dunnack, our State Librarian, of Augusta.

**LOCKE'S MILLS CHURCH**  
Rev. C. B. Oliver, Minister  
The Sunday School at 1.30-2.30. Worship 2.30-3.30. There will be a brief sermon for boys and girls before the message to adults. This children's sermon be the first of a series of "Guest What?"

Mid-week hour, Wednesday at 7.5.

### ANDOVER

The Melocket Camp Fire Girls enjoyed a hike to the home of their Guardian, Mrs. Gay Akers, at East Andover, Friday evening, where a Valentine social was held. Games and music were enjoyed and apples and fudge served by the hostess. A fine time was reported. Miss Annie Akers has been chosen Assistant Guardian of the Camp Fire. Mrs. Ray Thurston has been quite ill with the measles. Mrs. Fozzies Hatch is in caring for her.

Rev. C. W. Robinson preached an interesting sermon at the Congregational Church, Sunday morning from the word "Loyalty." The subject for the evening was "The man with a withered hand." I. E. Mills has returned from a trip to Boston and vicinity.

Ralph Akers from Rumford spent Sunday with his people, Mr. and Mrs. W. N. Akers.

Cecil Sweett has been obliged to leave the Harvard Law School on account of ill health.

The Ladies' Aid met Wednesday with Mrs. Emma Pratt. This society will serve a baked bean and pastry supper in the town hall Wednesday evening, Feb. 27, to be followed by an entertainment.

Lone Mt. Grange will hold its regular meeting, Saturday.

The King's Daughters will meet Thursday, Feb. 28, with Mrs. Harry Thomas.

The Ancient and Honorable Whist was entertained Wednesday evening by Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Rand. The first prizes were won by C. A. Rand and Mrs. Florence Chamberlain, the consolation to Fred Bartlett and Mrs. Rand. Delicious refreshments were served.

J. H. Abbott is assisting Arthur Lang in the print shop.

Mrs. Irma Emerson is working at Hotel Milton.

Deferred

Miss Annie Akers was the guest of her cousin, Mrs. Alice Thurston, Sunday.

The Camp Fire Girls held a ceremonial meeting at the home of Laura Newton, Friday evening. One new member was initiated and later games and popcorn were enjoyed.

Word was received in town Saturday of the death of Mrs. Clement Cogley at McCarty's Hospital, Rumford. Mrs. Cogley was a member of Lone Mt. Grange where she had made many friends.

Mr. W. W. Perkins returned from the McCarty Hospital, Saturday, much improved in health.

I. E. Mills has been spending a few days in Lawrence and Boston.

The Young Peoples' Whist met in their hall Thursday evening with a good attendance. Mrs. Ray Thurston and Charles Morgan won the highest score and Mrs. Bert Dunn and Edward Hutchins the lowest. Refreshments of ice cream and cake were served.

Cecil Sweett has gone to Massachusetts where he is attending the Harvard Law School.

The Selectmen are making the town reports this week.

The North Andover Whist was entertained Saturday evening by Mr. and Mrs. William Cutting. The first prizes were won by Dora Hutchins and Winthrop Akers. The second by Alfred and Ruth Learned. Refreshments of sandwiches, cake and coffee were served.

Lone Mt. Grange held an all day meeting, Feb. 9. A good program was enjoyed. After the report of Lecturers' Conference by the Lecturer there was singing, Old Glory, Grange Paper, Life of Lincoln,

Mrs. Alice Thurston

Gettysburg Address,

Mrs. Evelyn Stevens

Mrs. May Hall

Grange

Singing, America,

Grange

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Rev. C. W. Robinson delivered a memorial address on the life of Ex-President Woodrow Wilson, Sunday morning at the Congregational Church. There was a large attendance.

Everett Dresser has been clerking in the store of I. E. Mills.

There was a meeting of the ladies of the Andover Farm Bureau, Wednesday that was well attended. Three dress forms were made.

Walter Jasud of East Rumford was in town buying calves recently.

### EAST BETHEL

Mrs. Susan Martin is in very feeble health at the home of her daughter, Mrs. W. G. Holt.

Mr. Glendon Hutchins is clerking in the store of Parker Russell at Hanover. Ceylon Kimball is delivering cord wood at Bethel village.

A Farm Bureau meeting was held at Grange Hall, Friday, Feb. 15. Most of the members were in attendance, and a hot dinner was served. Miss Sanborn and R. H. Lovejoy of South Paris were present. Accounts were looked over and committees appointed. Dress forms were demonstrated, three being completed, and all enjoyed a very interesting and profitable day. Girls Club, Mrs. Edith Howe, leader. Committee on food, Mrs. Rose Bartlett.

Mr. Wm. G. Holt has a four-horse team hauling strips from the mill at Newry for the Tebbets Co., Locke's Mills. Mr. Holt met with a very painful accident while loading strips, the thumb of his left hand being badly crushed and mutilated. Dr. R. R. Tibbets is caring for the wound.

Miss Bessie Trask is suffering with a bad cold and pleurisy at her home here.

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Mrs. May Hall

Grange

Singing, America,

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You CAN  
Enjoy  
Your Meals  
—take—

Indigestion yields quickly to F. A. Wood's Medicine. It stimulates the flow of digestive juices, cures the liver and bowels to action. Vegetable, harmless. Get large bottle 50 cents—1 rent a dose. All dealers. F. A. WOOD MEDICINE CO., Portland, Maine.

LE

## OXFORD SNOWSHOES

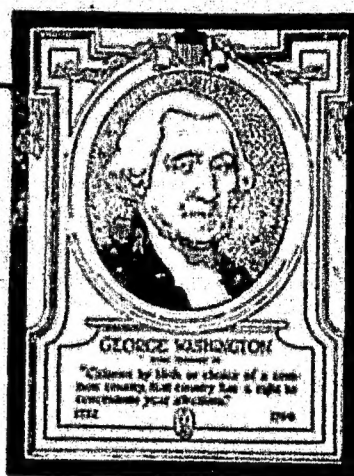
AND

Kennebec Oak Skis--7½ ft., \$5.00

Other Skis from \$1.00 to \$6.00

SKI POLES, SKI HARNESS, HOCKEY STICKS  
SKATES AND STRAPS

G. L. THURSTON BETHEL MAINE



February  
22  
1924

ANNIVERSARY OF THE BIRTH OF  
GEORGE WASHINGTON

ANNUAL WINTER CARNIVAL  
AT GOULD'S ACADEMY

Post Card reproductions of our window card  
portrait of Washington are offered to you  
free if you will call for them.

Sport Clothing of All Kinds

AT

ROWE'S, BETHEL, ME.

Ford  
THE UNIVERSAL CAR

## Buy Your Ford Now

WITH spring almost here thousands of families, anticipating the demand that is certain to exist for Ford Cars and Trucks are placing their orders for immediate delivery.

Sales now are far ahead of sales at this time last year. Advance orders calling for delivery under the Ford Weekly Purchase Plan have already reached a total of 255,758 Cars and Trucks.

The prospect of securing prompt delivery is daily becoming more uncertain. We cannot urge too strongly, therefore, the necessity for placing your order immediately, if you are planning to drive a Ford Car this spring.

See the nearest Authorized Ford Dealer

Ford Motor Company  
Detroit, Michigan

It is not necessary to pay for your car in full in order to secure delivery. You can get on the preferred list for early delivery by making a small payment down. Or if you wish, you can arrange for delivery under the terms of the Ford Weekly Purchase Plan.

## Men's "All Rubber" Overs

Ball Band and Top Notch,

8 inch top, \$3.95

Ball Band, Top Notch and

Converse, 12 inch top, \$4.95

"A GOOD CHANCE TO SAVE."

Our terms are cash--We sell for less.

E. N. SWETT SHOE CO.

NORWAY, ME.

Phone 38-2



## HANDICRAFT FOR BOYS

By A. NEELY HALL

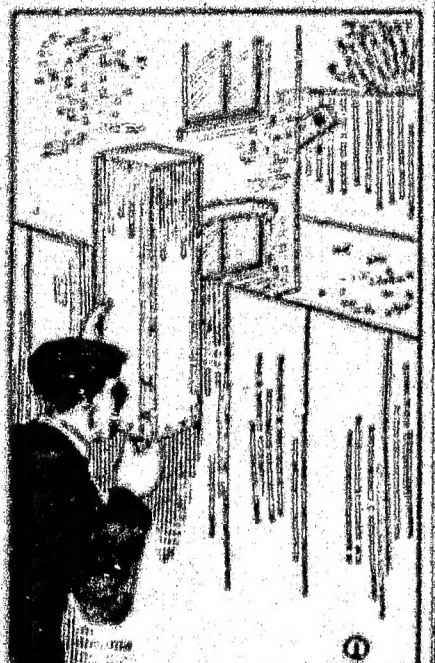
(Copyright by A. Neely Hall)

A PLAY PERISCOPE.

The next time you play hide-and-go-seek, or any other spying game, take along a periscope like the one shown in Fig. 1, and you will have the advantage over the other boys of being able to see what is going on without exposing yourself to view. If you have expended upon snapping caps with another boy, to disguise yourself, when you have wanted to peek to see whether or not the player in search was near at hand, you know from experience that a keen observing boy is seldom fooled by that means, and your chance of being caught is great.

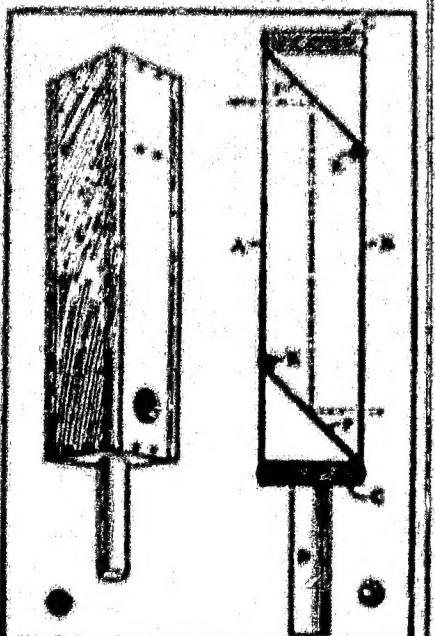
Figure 2 is a view of the completed periscope, showing the observation post-hole. The constructional view in Fig. 3 explains how, by the use of a pair of mirrors, a view that enters at one end of the periscope, is projected to the opposite end.

Mirrors that measure about 4 by 5 inches can be purchased at 5 cents



apiece. This is the right size for a periscope of the dimensions given. If your mirrors are of a different size, it will be necessary to change the width and length of the sides, and the width of the sides. The mirrors must be set at an angle of 45 degrees to the end pieces (Fig. 3).

The sides are of cardboard, the ends are of wood. Use as heavy cardboard as you can find. The rectangular opening near the end of front A (Fig. 4) is the hole through which the view enters the periscope; the circular opening near the end of B is the peek hole.

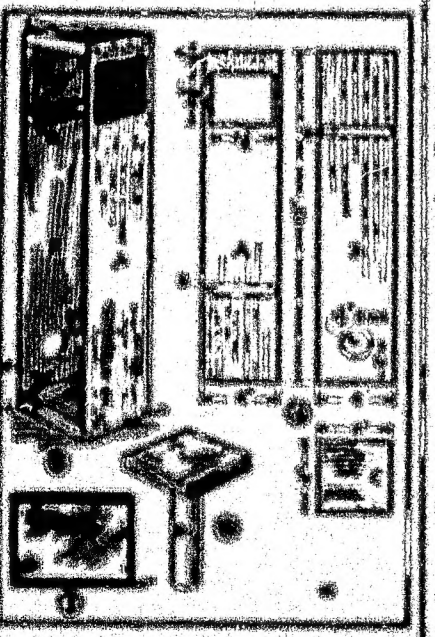


for the observer. Locate these openings in the positions shown, and cut with a sharp knife.

Slide D on the lower end of the periscope (Fig. 3) must be large enough to disengage so that it can be raised smoothly to the end piece (Fig. 5).

It is necessary to tack the strip H across front A and back B (Figs. 5 and 6), to support the mirrors.

To assemble the periscope, first tack front A, back B, and side C, to end piece C, as shown in Fig. 6. Then slip the mirrors in position between



the end pieces and strip H, and tack the remaining tube in place. The cover must now be joined and secured by gluing strips of paper over them as shown in Fig. 7. This will complete the periscope.

## JUST FUN



### LABOR SHORTAGE

Farmer Hagwort—Minerva, did you notice that that hired man is sort of looking at our Tilly?

Mrs. Hagwort—Yes, the impudent scamp. But Tilly will soon scare up and show him his place.

Farmer Hagwort—H, what? You don't think as Tilly'd turn him down before I get the harvest in and the silos filled, do you?

Presenting a Scapgoat.

"John, wake up," whispered his wife. "There's a burglar in the house."

"Well, what do you want me to do—get up and run the risk of being killed?"

"No, but if you find in the morning that somebody's been through your pockets, don't blame me."

The Old Man.

Mr. Ploddy didn't like his mother-in-law. He came in one day out hearing a racket, demanded: "What's the old hen up to now?"

"Laying a carpet," replied his wife briefly.

### NO PAY—NO ROOM



Boarding House Mistress—He was a very respectable fellow, but, as he didn't pay his rent, I had to get rid of him.

Star Boarder—In that case his room is better than his company.

Colder or Warmer.

The weather across the charts will soon be a question of knowledge all around. But, oh, the laughter of the man who makes you know the real fact.

In Round Numbers.

Knifing Kid—P, did you ever have a tooth pulled?

Papa (with great gusto)—Have I, my boy? I should say so; hundreds of them.

A Considerable Object.

Magistrate—Did you obtain any remuneration?

Witness—Not one! I don't believe in it. I'm not afraid of smallpox.—Lon. Soc. T. H. H.

Had No Reproaches.

Wife—Don't you think it's a shame for me to be going to church alone every Sunday?

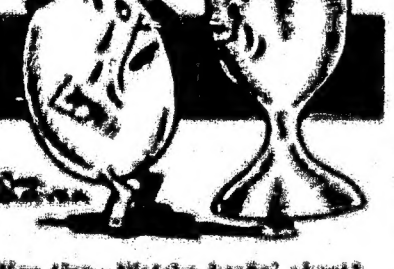
H—Oh, I don't know. You might be doing something worse.

He Should Know.

Hotel Manager—The longest way around is the shortest way home, ya know?

Stranger—I'll say so! That's the way these taxicab drivers figure it.

### OF COURSE



Big Cup—Watcha brewin' about?

Kate—'Cause I've got a streak of yellow in me, that's what!

The Living Light.

No house work! When I see it with me—The whole world's light!

Looking Ahead.

Mr. Newfound—Well, dear, I've insured my life for \$5,000.

Mrs. Newfound—Oh, Jack, and the car I want costs seven!

The Tripping Tongue Again.

Scissors Vetter—Well, I hope that the next time I cut you with my scissors.

Scissors Vetter—Thanks, I know that I will not only be up, but out.

A Reason Worth Making.

Wife (at the window)—Why do you always bother with the hotel help?

H—I may get a chance to reserve a room to take home with me.

That is Considerate.

"My daughter's coming," sighed the mother. "Has been a great expense."

"Indeed?" returned the guest. "Some neighbor must join, I suppose?"

He Wants to Know.

"See, Jerry?"

"My old man is home. Would this have amounted all but a hour?"

## The American Legion

(Copy for This Department Supplied by the American Legion News Service.)

### MAY BE YOUNGEST MEMBER OF LEGION

Who is the youngest member of the American Legion? Just at this time, Jefferson post of the organization in Louisville, Ky., lays claim to that distinction, in announcing that F. Strother Barton is a member of the post.

Barton was born April 3, 1902, and when the Marine corps issued a call for volunteers in 1916, he attempted to enlist. He was unable to meet the requirements for age, though he passed all other tests successfully. Denied his parents' consent to enter service, as he was but fourteen at the time, he bided his time and enlisted in the navy in 1918.

He was sent to Charleston, S. C., for training in naval aviation, from there he was sent to Hampton Roads, Va. Barton was discharged in 1919, and soon after "hooked up" with the Legion in Louisville.

One brother, Lieut. Frank H. Barton, served two years in the air service, was awarded the Croix de Guerre, and received special citation for bravery.

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### THE J. E. JONES LETTER

(Continued from page 1)

ting much more for their grains and produce than before the war, while their taxes and expenses of upkeep have risen as gradually as those of the manufacturers. But the farmers have no way of meeting their business deficits.

There isn't anything particularly new about the above story, but the pitiable part of the whole situation is that there isn't anything new about the proposed methods to cure the farm situation. In four years but three solutions have attracted general attention. First, price-fixing. This is always condemned so loudly that it is never tried, and the experiences of wartime are cited to prove its lawlessness. Second, cooperative marketing. This system has been in the course of gradual development for more than a generation, and while it is helpful to agriculture it does not even act as a palliative to the financial plight of farmers. Third, more and easier forms of credit. This third method has enabled the farmers to tide over their troubles, but in trying to borrow themselves "out" of debt they have done the reverse thing of borrowing "in" debt so heavy that they have been unable to see any way "out."

Again, Congress has not met the challenge from the forty million people engaged in and dependent upon agriculture. The Government has in the past been very proficient in aiding the manufacturing East when it got into financial trouble. But up to date all political methods of aiding the farmers have not yielded any material results.

THE STORY OF TAXES

No matter what one's political views may be, everyone should read that portion of President Coolidge's speech which contains the cold blooded statistics of taxation and taxes. Within the month the lower House of Congress has refused to pass the bill initiating the proposed constitutional amendment to prevent the further issuance of tax-exempt securities. The President says that in 1916 there were 296 incomes of \$1,000,000 or more in the United States. In 1921 only 21 such incomes were reported. The figures are conclusive that these increasing numbers of fortunes are hidden in tax-exempt securities. Despite all these big tax dodgers the President has told us that almost one-half of the forty billion dollar war cost has already been paid. The President in his vigorous defense of the Mellon tax plan takes the position that if the high "surtaxes," which he explains to be "war taxes," were removed, that the great fortunes would come out of their hiding in tax-exempt securities and furnish sufficient new revenue to the Government to automatically reduce taxation

for the poor and the middle-classes, and all others who pay taxes. The familiar theories of Mr. Mellon are endorsed by the President, and he believes that the Mellon plan would do all that is claimed for it in reducing taxes, at the same time enabling the Nation to liquidate its war debt, and through decreased taxation to decrease the cost of living. President Coolidge pointed out in his address that taxation was not a political issue, and he said that Congress "was trying its best to accomplish results in lowering taxes. The only point where in his political opponents may differ

with him is in reference to the soldiers' bonus, to which he is unalterably opposed.

AN UNDERPAID PROFESSION

George Creel, journalist, got only \$5,000 for his services in trying to sell the ally war about Washington. Erca five thou' is mighty good pay for our underpaid profession.

Patience.

Little Boy (visiting Washington for the first time)—When are we going to see the red tape?—Dartmouth Jack o' Lantern.

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# VIOLA GWYN

George Barr McCutcheon

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## SYNOPSIS

**PROLOGUE**—Kenneth Gwynne was five years old in the spring of 1912 when his father ran away from Kennebunk with Rachel Carter, a widow, and took with them their young daughter, Rachel's baby daughter. In the fall Kenneth's mother died of a broken heart. His grandparents brought him up to hate the name of Rachel Carter, "the evil woman."

**CHAPTER I**—Kenneth, now a young lawyer, seeks lodging for the night at the farm of Phineas Striker, near Lafayette, Ind. It appears that Ken's father has recently died and that he is on his way to take possession of extensive lands he has inherited. The Strikers bought their farm of Ken's father and a mortgage runs to his father's widow—the Rachel Carter. A beautiful nineteen-year-old girl, who says she knew his father well and refuses to give her name, is visiting the Strikers. Ken is much interested in her.

**CHAPTER II**—In the morning the girl is gone. Striker tells Ken she was planning to elope with Barry Lapelle and her mother came in the night and took her home. As Ken goes on his way Striker tells him: "That girl was Viola Gwynn and she's your half-sister."

**CHAPTER III**—A handsome, dashing young fellow rides up and introduces himself as Barry Lapelle.

**CHAPTER IV**—Isaac Stain, a farmer, gives Ken a message from Viola to all as soon as he reaches Lafayette.

**CHAPTER V**—At Lafayette Ken sees his lawyer, Cornell, and the record of Robert Gwynn, formerly known as Robert Gwynne, is shown. It is a property between Ken and Rachel Carter. Viola is mentioned, but she has decided not to continue.

**CHAPTER VI**—Ken calls at Viola's home and finds Rachel instead of Viola. Rachel reveals the past, which nobody in Lafayette knows. Rachel tells him that Viola is not his father's daughter but his mother's. She felt her cheeks grow hot.

**CHAPTER VII**—Ken and Viola meet and quarrel.

**CHAPTER VIII**—Viola tells her mother she is going to marry Lapelle. Rachel says she will not object if he is a good man and tells her she will disinherit her.

**CHAPTER IX**—Ken meets Viola with Lapelle. They make up their minds to elope. He takes her to his room and binds her hand and foot by the double secret of mother and daughter. He does not want to go away. Stain tells him that Lapelle is planning to elope with Viola.

**CHAPTER X**—Ken resolves to stay in Lafayette, move into a house and tell an officer that Viola came to him and volunteers to help him in turn for his new home, close to her own. He is charming.

**CHAPTER XI**—Lapelle has gone down the river. Ken tells Rachel that a woman named Jasper Gwynn has set in an appearance and may be known all about her. He is hidden away in the cabin of Hawk, a disreputable covey of Lapelle.

"Oh, you're always jumping on me for saying the things I really feel," he broke in. "You're my girl, aren't you? Why shouldn't I tell you how I feel? What's vulgar about my telling you I want to hold you in my arms and kiss you? Why, I don't think of anything else, day or night. And what do I get? You put me off—yes, you do—bringing up some silly ideas about—about—what is it—propriety? Good Lord, Viola, that's the good back to the days of the Puritans—wherever they were. It's not right—It's not natural, Viola. People who are really in love with each other just simply can't help kissing and—"

"I guess you were right when you said you were not expecting me down to meet the boat, Barry," she interrupted, looking straight before her. "Well, didn't I tell you how happy I made me?"

"If you had thought there was any chance of the coming down to meet you, you wouldn't have taken so much to drink," she went on, a little catch in her voice.

Whereupon he protested vigorously that he had not tasted a drop—except one small drink the captain had given him early that morning when he complained of a chill.

"Why, you're drunk right now," she said reproachfully. "Oh, Barry, won't you stop?"

"Drunk? I'm as sober as the day I was born," he retorted, squaring his shoulders. "But suppose I have had a little too much—what's the cause of it? You! You drive me to it, you do. The last couple of weeks you've been showing up all my faults to me, tormenting me till I'm nearly crazy with uncertainty. First you say I'm not good, then you say I'm not good, and then, just as I begin to feel that everything's all right, you up and say you're not sure whether you care for me or not and you're going to obey your mother in every—And say that would be me. I guess I am very much mistaken, I think I'll soon have a way to bring your mother in time. She won't."

He brought himself up with a jerk, realizing that his loose tongue was coming away with his wife. She was looking at him with startled, inquiring eyes.

"What do you mean by that, Barry?"

Lapelle?" she asked, and he was quick to detect the uneasiness in her manner.

He affected a grin of derision. "I'm going to put my case in the hands of Kenney Gwynne, the rising young barrister. With him on our side, my dear, I guess we'll bring her to time. If he thinks it's all right for you to



"I Don't Believe He Ever Said It"

marry me, I guess that will end the matter. He's the head of the family, isn't he?"

"This hastily conceived explanation of his luckless remark succeeded in deceiving her. She stared at him in distress.

"Oh, Barry, you—you surely can't be thinking of asking Kenneth to intercede—"

"Why not? He doesn't see any reason why we shouldn't be married, my dear. In fact, he told me so a few days ago. He—"

"I don't believe it," she cried.

"You don't?" he exclaimed sharply.

"No, I don't," she repeated.

"Has he been talking to you about me?" he demanded, an ugly gleam flashing into his eyes.

"He has never said a word against you, not one. But I don't believe you when you say he told you that we ought to get married." She felt her cheeks grow hot.

"I'm a liar, am I?" he snarled.

"I—I don't believe he ever said it," she said stubbornly.

"Well—you're right," he admitted, after a moment's hesitation. "Not in so many words. But he did say to me that he had told you he saw no reason why you shouldn't marry me if you wanted to. Did he ever tell you that?"

She remembered only too well the aggravating encounter in the thicket path.

"Yes, he did," she replied, lifting her head defiantly. "And," she added, "I hated him for it. I hate him more and more every time I think of it. He—"

"He was perfectly abominable," she said.

"Well, you're—you're d—d complimentary," he grated, his face expressing the utmost bewilderment.

She walked on for eight or ten paces before speaking again. Her head was lowered. Suddenly she turned to him.

"Barry, let's sit down on that log over there for a few minutes. There is something I've got to say to you—and I'm sorry. You must not be angry with me. Won't you come over there with me, and listen to what I have to tell you?"

He hung back for a moment, his intuition grasping at something vague and yet strangely definite.

"Yes—you are going to tell me it's all over between us, Viola?" he ventured, going white to the lips. He was as sober now as though he had never touched liquor in his life.

"Come and sit down," she said gently, even compassionately.

He sat down beside her and waited for her to speak, and as she remained speechless, evidently in distress, his lips curled in a smile of reviving confidence. He watched the quick rise and fall of her bosom, exulting in her difficulty.

At last she spoke, not tremulously as he had expected, but with a firmness that boded ill for his composure.

"Barry," she began, still staring straight ahead. "I don't know just how to begin. It is awfully hard to—"

"What I feel I must say. Perhaps I should have waited till—well, till you were home for a little while, before doing what I have made up my mind to do. But I thought it right to have it over with as soon as possible."

She paused for a moment and then resolutely faced him. He saw the pain in her dark, troubled eyes, and the shadow of an appealing smile on her lips. The face hardened.

"I cannot marry you, Barry. I—I don't love you as I should. I thought I did, but—well, that's all. I don't know what has happened to make me see things so differently, but whatever it is I know now that I was mistaken—oh, so terribly mistaken. I know I am hurting you, Barry, and you have a right to despise me. I—I somehow hope you will—because I deserve it."

He smiled indignantly. "I hope you don't think I am taking this seriously. This isn't the first time I've heard you take on like—"

"But I mean it this time, Barry. I do truly and honestly," she cried. "I know I've played hard and cold with you—and that's just the point. It proves that I never really cared for you as—"

"—as in that way—down in my soul,"

I mean. I am sure of it now. We are not suited to each other. We think differently about a great many things. We—"

"Look here," he exclaimed roughly, no longer able to disguise his anger. "You've got to stop this everlasting—"

"Let go my arm, Barry Lapelle!" she cried. "Don't you dare lay your hand on me like that!"

He loosened his grip on her arm and drew back sulkily. "Ah, I didn't mean to hurt you and you know it. I wouldn't hurt you for anything in the world. What I was going to say, he growled, controlling himself with difficulty, "is this: If you think I'm going to take this as final, you're very much mistaken. You'll get over this, just as you've gotten over your peevishness before. I've spoiled you, that's the truth of the matter. I always give in to you—"

"I tell you I am in earnest," she cried hotly. "This is for good and all, and you make me furious when you talk like that. I am doing my best to be kind and considerate, so you'd better be careful, Barry Lapelle, not to say too much."

He looked into her flaming eyes for a moment and then muttered slowly, wonderingly: "By heaven, Viola, I believe you do mean it. You—you are actually throwing me over!"

"I can't help it, Barry," she insisted. "Something—I don't know what—has come over me. Can you imagine anything more horrible than to be married to a woman who—who didn't love you?"

"Yes," he snapped. "I can. It's worse a thousand times over not to be married to the girl you love—and to see her married to some one else. That would be h—l—I—l, do you understand?"

"She drew a little away from him. "But not the h—I it would be for me when I found out—too late. Won't you understand, Barry? Can't you see how terrible it would be?"

"Say, when did you get this idea into your head?" he demanded harshly. "What put it there? Is—is there some one else?"

"You know there isn't," she cried indignantly. "Who else could there be? Don't be foolish, Barry."

"By G—d, if some one else has cut me out, I'll—"

"There is no one else, I tell you! I don't love anybody—I swear it."

He eyed her narrowly. "Has Kenney Gwynne anything to do with all this?"

"She started. "Kenney? Why—no—of course not."

"It would be just like him to turn you against me because he thinks I'm not fit to—"

"Say, if I find out that he's been sticking his nose into my affairs, I'll make it so hot for him—brother or no brother—that he'll wish he'd never been born. Wait a minute! I'll tell you what I think of him while I'm about it—and you can run and tell him as quick as you please. He's a G—d—snake in the grass, that's what he is. He's a conceited, sanctimonious, white-livered—"

"Stop that!" she cried, springing to her feet, white with fury, her eyes blazing. "You are forgetting yourself, Barry Lapelle. Not another word! How dare you speak like that about my brother?"

He sat staring up at her in a sort of stupefaction.

"How dare you?" she repeated furiously.

He found his voice. "You weren't sticking up for him this time last week," he sneered. "You were hating him like poison. Has the old woman had a change of heart, too? Is she letting him sit in her lap so she can feed him with a spoon when he's hungry and—"

"I wouldn't marry you if you were the only man in the world, Barry Lapelle," said she, her voice low with passion.

She whirled and walked rapidly away from him, her head in the air, her hands clenched. Leaping to his feet, he started after her, calling:

"Wait a minute, Viola! Can't you see I'm almost out of my head over what you've—"

"Oh, well, go it! I'm not going to crawl after you! But let me tell you one thing, my girl. You'll be talking out of the other side of your mouth before you're much older. You'll be down on your knees—"

"Don't you follow me another step!" she cried over her shoulder.

He was not more than two yards behind her when she uttered this withering command. He stopped short.

"Well, this is a h—l of a way to treat a gentleman!" he shouted, hoarse with fury.

## CHAPTER XIII

### Revelations.

Shortly after dark that evening the tall, swarthy man who had come up on the Paul Revere snatched sleepily and down that part of Main street facing the courthouse.

Barry Lapelle came out of a tavern at the stroke of eight and walked eastward a few paces. The swarthy man approached slowly, unconcernedly. He arrested Lapelle, lighting:

"Is that the tavern, stranger?"

"Yes," replied Barry. "Needlessly peddling down the street. Well?"

"It's her," said the stranger. "I had a good look at her 'long about five o'clock from the woods across from her house. She's a heap sight older, but I knowed her all right."

"You are sure?"

"Course I'm sure. She was Owen Carter's widow. He was killed by a tree fallin' on him. Oh, I got a good memory. I can't afford to have a bad one. I remember her as plain as if it was yesterday. She's the woman that ran off with Bob Gwynne. There ain't no doubt about it. Everybody knowed it. He left his wife and a little boy, seems to me Mrs. Carter had a little

baby girl. Maybe not. I ain't much of a hand for noddin' babies."

"You are sure—absolutely positive about all this?" whispered Lapelle intensely.

"You bet yer boots I am."

"She ran off with an married man?"

"She did. A feller by the name of Gwynne. As I said afore—Bob Gwynne."

"That's all for tonight," snapped Barry impatiently. "You get out of town at once. Mart will be waiting for you down below Granny Nair's cabin—this side of the graveyard—as arranged."

"What about that other business?" Mart'll want to know when ye're—"

"He knows. The Paul Revere goes south day after tomorrow morning. If the plans are changed before that time I'll get word to him. It may not be necessary to do anything at all. You've given me information that may bring the old woman to her senses."

"Then two fellows that come up on the boat today. Air you sure you can—"

"That's all for tonight," interrupted Barry, and strode off up the street, leaving Jasper Snuggs, sometimes Simon Bruley of the loathsome Girty stock, to rend his lonely way out into a silence as black as the depths of his own hightened soul.

For some time Viola had been standing at the fence, her elbows on the top rail, gazing pensively at the light in Kenney's window. She had been considerably shaken and distressed by the unpleasant experience of the early afternoon. Somehow she longed to take her troubles to Kenneth, to rid herself of them in the comfort of his approbation, to be reassured by his brotherly counsel. Indeed, she had come out of the house animated by a sudden impulse to pay him a brief, surreptitious visit; then to run back home before she was missed by her mother. This impulse was attended by a singularly delightful sensation of guilt. She had never been over to see him at night. In fact, it had never occurred to her to do such a thing before. But even as she started forth from the house a strange timidity assailed her. It halted her. Impetuous footsteps, turned them irresolutely aside, and led her not to the gate but to the barrier fence. She could not explain, even to herself, the queer, half-frightened thumping of her heart, nor the amazing shyness, nor the ridiculous feeling that it would be improper for her to be alone with him at night.

Suddenly she decided, and without thought of her garments, scrambled hastily over the fence. Just as her feet touched the ground the front door of Kenneth's house flew open and a figure, briefly revealed by the light from within, rushed out into the yard and was swallowed up by the darkness. She heard the rush of feet through the weeds and shrubbery. They halted abruptly, and then:

"Stop where you are, d—n you! I've got you covered and, so help me God, I'll put a bullet through—"

"Kenneth! Kenneth!" she cried out. "It's I—Viola!"

There was a moment's silence.

"My God! You! Viola?" came in suppressed, hoarse tones from the darkness. "Drop down—drop to the ground! They may begin firing at me, you—"

"Firing at you?" she cried, shakily.

"What on earth are you talking about? There's—there's no one here. I am all alone."

"Do as I tell you!" he called out sharply. "There is a pack of ruffians—"

"Pack your grumpy!" she cried, with a shrill laugh. "I tell you I am alone."

As he came quickly toward her she sprang back, seized by a strange, inexplicable panic. For a few seconds he stood looking down at her, breathing sharply. She heard something drop at his feet, and then both his hands gripped her shoulders, drawing her roughly up to him.

"Oh—! What are you doing?" she gasped as his arms went around her. That arm of steel drew her so close and held her so tightly to his breast that she could feel the tremendous thumping of his heart. She felt herself trembling—trembling all over; the light in the window up beyond seemed to draw nearer, swelling to vast proportions as it bore down upon her. She closed her eyes. What was happening to her, what was causing this strange, intense, this queer sensation as of falling?

As abruptly as he had clasped her to him, he released her, springing

back with a muttered execration. "What is the matter, Kenneth?" she murmured, lazily.

He did not answer. He leaned heavily against the fence, his head on his arm. She did not move for many seconds. Then he heard her gasp—a gasp of actual terror.

"Who are you?" she whispered tensely. "You are not my brother. You are not the real Kenneth Gwynne! Who are you?" She waited for the answer that did not come. Then as she drew farther away from him: "You are an impostor. You have deceived us. You have come here representing yourself to be—"

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receive me." She nodded her head without speaking and together they left the house.

## CHAPTER XIV

Rachel Delivers a Message. Rachel was standing on her porch as they came up the walk.

"Kenneth wants to talk to you about something very important," said Viola unevenly, as they drew near. The woman on the porch did not speak until they paused at the bottom of the steps.

"Have you been over to his house, Viola?" she asked levelly.

"Yes, mother."

After a moment's hesitation: "Come in, Kenneth," she stood aside to let Viola pass. Kenneth, who had hastily donned his coat, followed the two women into the house. There was a light in the parlor. "Will you sit down, or do you prefer to remain standing in my house, Kenneth Gwynne?"

He bowed stiffly, indicating a chair with a gesture. "Will you be seated first, madam?"

His sardonic dignity drew a faint, ironic smile to her lips. "Thank you," she said calmly, and seated herself on the little horsehair sofa.

Viola left the room, closing the door behind her. Neither spoke until they heard her footsteps on the floor overhead.

"Well, what have you been telling her?" asked Rachel, leaning forward, her eyes narrowing.

He drew a chair up close to the sofa and sat down. "Nothing that she should not know," he answered. "I will first tell you what happened a little while ago, and then—the rest of it. There is evil foot. I have been wrong, I realize, in not warning you and Viola."

He listened intently to the end; not once did she interrupt him, but as he proceeded to unfold the meager details of the plot as presented to him by Isaac Stain, her brow darkened and her fingers began to work nervously, restlessly in her lap.

"Why did Isaac Stain go to you instead of coming to me?" was her first question.

"Because he believes I am her brother, and this happens to be a man's job," he said, lowering his



Rachel Was Standing on Her Porch as They Came Up the Walk.

voice. "It is only fair, however, to state that he wanted to come to you and I, in my folly, advised him not to do so."

She was silent for a moment. Then: "And why did you think it not advisable to tell me?"

"I will be frank with you," he replied, coloring under her steady gaze. "I wanted her to find out for herself just what kind of man Lapelle really is. I—I wanted to be the one to save her." He lowered his eyes, afraid that she would discover the truth in them.

"You are in love with her, Kenneth."

He looked up, startled, almost aghast. Unconsciously he started to rise to his feet, his eyes still fixed on hers, vehement denial on his parted lips, only to sink back into the chair again, convicted. There was no use attempting to deceive this cold, clear-headed woman.

"God help me—I am," he groaned.

"Oh, the city of it!" she cried out. He looked up and saw that she was trembling, her whole face working as in pain.

"No! The curse of it, Rachel Carter!"

She appeared not to have heard his words. "God works in a mysterious way," she muttered, almost inaudibly. "The call of the blood is unfailing. The brain may be deceived, the heart never." With an effort, she regained control of herself. "She has broken off with Barry Lapelle. Do you know



## WANT COLUMN

Twenty-five words or less, one week, 25 cents; second week, 15 cents; each additional week, 10 cents.

Each word more than 25: One week, 1 cent and each additional week, 1/2 cent.

For Sale—A pair of horses weighing about 1100 pounds. Inquire at the Citizen Office, Bethel, Maine.

FOR SALE—A six-room house, with stable and five acres of land. House is furnished, electric lights, bath, range, hot and cold water. About five minutes walk from post office. All in good condition. Inquire at the Citizen Office, Bethel, Me.

LOST—A pocketbook containing quite a sum of money. Finder please return to Citizen Office and receive reward. 2-21-24

The Children's Hospital of Portland, Maine, offers to young women of high school education, a two and one-half years' course of General Hospital Training which includes District Nursing and affiliation with New Haven Hospital for Obstetrics, Adult Surgical and Medical Nursing.

Some applicants desired for April classes.

Information sent on application, addressed to Dept. of Nurses. 2-21-24

WANTED—A kitchen woman at Maple Inn. 2-21-24

FOR SALE—Dry cowshed in my yard. H. G. Bryant Bethel, Me. 2-21-24

## THE OXFORD COUNTY CITIZEN PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY BY D. M. FORBES, BETHEL, MAINE

Entered as second class matter, May 7, 1908, at the post office at Bethel, Maine.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 21, 1924.

## NORTH NEWRY

Mrs. Steven Ford and baby of Newry are guests of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. M. Martin.

Those from Newry who attended the basketball game at Bethel, Friday night were Fred Wright, Arnold Eames and John Paine.

Mrs. Ida (Dorothy) Hansen, who has been in Bethel for medical treatment, returned with her three children to her home in Upton, Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Littlefield of Upton, N. H., are guests at W. H. Wright's. Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Morse have moved to Haverhill.

L. H. Wright was at home from Paris Sunday.

Mrs. J. H. Vail and Mrs. Eva Hansen were in Bethel one day last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Roy Bennett, who are staying at Sunday River this winter, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. F. C. Bennett, Sunday.

W. H. Wright & Sons are harvesting their ice.

Mrs. Ida Vail has returned from Bethel, where she has been staying with her son, Guy Vail, and family.

Frankie Vail of Upton was a week end guest at Herbert Martin's.

## MANOVER

Schools close Thursday for the spring vacation.

Miss Winifred Smith of Portland is stopping with Mr. and Mrs. Charles Smith for a short period.

Miss Anna Hodgson has returned to her home after a stay of six months with Dr. Hammond and family at Newry.

Miss Martha Bartlett of Doreville Center, Mass., who has been visiting relatives in Bethel, returned to her home Saturday, accompanied by her mother, J. R. Roberts, for a brief visit with her sister, Mrs. F. C. Bartlett.

Friday evening, Feb. 20th, at Union Hall, a 6 o'clock supper will be served, followed by a local talent party, benefit of the Library.

Mr. Chas. Smith has been drawn to serve on the grand jury which convened at St. Paul on Tuesday of last week.

In the passing of Orestes Roberts to the "Golden Sleep," the town has lost one of its most respected citizens; a man known and respected in all his circles. A eulogy will be given at the funeral.

Monday and Tuesday were glorious days for the out of door sports at Bethel, and numerous men and boys were out.

## SKILLINGTON

Thomas Jackson was home from Newry, Sunday.

Mr. Wright and family celebrated anniversary from Mechanics Falls, Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Ann Bennett were in this place Sunday.

Albert Bennett has bought a Ford car.

## BACK GIVES OUT

Fifty of Bethel Readers Have This Experience.

You tax the kidneys—overwork them. They can't keep up the continual strain.

The back may give out—it may ache and pain; Urinary troubles may set in. Don't wait longer—take Doan's Pills.

Bethel people tell you how they act. Ask your neighbor! H. E. Littlefield, prop. auto service, Main St., Bethel, says: "Some years ago my kidneys were out of order. I had been overworking at the time and was feeling weak and my back was painful, especially mornings. I was dizzy, head-achy and when I stooped, black specks appeared before my eyes. My kidneys were in bad shape. A friend suggested Doan's Pills so I began using them and soon they cured me up in good shape. I have never had any return of the trouble and recommend Doan's Pills to anyone in need of a good kidney medicine."

Price 60c, at all dealers. Don't simply ask for kidney remedy—get Doan's Pills—the same that Mr. Littlefield had. Foster-McMillan Co., Mfrs., Buffalo, N. Y.

## RUMFORD TO HAVE SOME FINE NEW BUILDINGS

The Waldo Street business section from Main Avenue to Oxford Avenue which was wiped out by fire last August, is in the process of reconstruction as a business section, and if the plans that are now in the air offer any criterion, this section will see activity in the building line this coming summer, and by fall should be pretty well built up. Some of the buildings of the town that are being planned are being made, all of which means that this section will have some attractive buildings in which will be located the best of stores, ofices and apartments.

Property owners and business men, who suffered heavy losses as a result of the fire, are anxious to see this section built up, and every effort is being made to have all property owners get busy, so that this section might be rebuilt this summer, and business carried on as in the past.

To buildings are already in the process of construction, the first block at the corner of Oxford Avenue and Waldo Street, and the Marceau block on Waldo Street. It is thought that they will be ready for occupancy by August. The first block is a two story brick structure built by James H. Kern, in which there are to be four stores, three on Waldo Street and one on the Oxford Avenue, with two upper stories devoted to apartments and offices. This building will cost approximately \$12,000. Mr. Kern will occupy the two corner stores, in which he plans to carry a full and complete line of clothing, for men, boys and shoes. The Marceau block is a four story structure, with two stories on the first floor, the other three devoted to tenements. This building is being constructed by the Waldo Construction Co. of Brunswick, plans having been drawn by Gibbs and Palmer of Auburn. The stores will be occupied by Joseph Marceau and Arthur Marceau, one as a grocery store, and the other as a shoe store.

The buildings now occupied by Mr. Marceau and his son are to be removed, and an up-to-date millinery store is to be conducted there by Miss Eva Marceau. This new block, it is estimated will cost about \$10,000. While no other buildings are as yet being drawn and estimates furnished for property to be erected by the following owners: Henry Branson, four story building of stores, offices and apartments; Felix Goulette, two two-story building, stores and apartments; Paul Normande, three-story building, store and tenement; August Poirer, four-story building with store and tenement. It is also understood that plans are being drawn and bids are now being received for the building of a theatre to occupy the lot on which the old Major's Theatre stood. This theatre is to be built by Dr. J. A. Niles, it is to be modern in every respect of improved construction, and properly ventilated. It is to have a seating capacity of 150, including a balcony. Plans are also being drawn for buildings to be erected on the lot owned by A. B. Stearns, E. J. Niles and Philip Ash.

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## WARRANT FOR TOWN MEETING, 1924

To D. M. Forbes, a citizen of the Town of Bethel, in the County of Oxford.

GREETING:—In the name of the State of Maine you are hereby requested to notify and warn the inhabitants of the Town of Bethel, qualified to vote in town affairs, to meet at Odeon Hall, in said Town, on Monday, the third day of March, 1924, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, to act on the following articles, to wit:

- Art. 1. To choose a Moderator to preside at said meeting.
- Art. 2. To choose a Town Clerk for the ensuing year.
- Art. 3. To hear and act on the report of the several town officers.
- Art. 4. To choose Selectmen for the ensuing year.
- Art. 5. To choose Assessors for the ensuing year.
- Art. 6. To choose a Treasurer for the ensuing year.
- Art. 7. To choose one member of the School Committee for the ensuing year.
- Art. 8. To choose the method of collecting taxes for the ensuing year.
- Art. 9. To choose a Tax Collector for year 1924.
- Art. 10. To choose a Road Commissioner for the ensuing year.
- Art. 11. To establish the price the Road Commissioner shall receive for his services.
- Art. 12. To choose an Auditor for the year 1924.
- Art. 13. To choose all other necessary Town Officers.
- Art. 14. To see what sum of money the town will vote and raise for support of common schools for ensuing year.
- Art. 15. To see what sum of money the town will vote and raise for the purpose of paying tuition in secondary schools and overexpenditure.
- Art. 16. To see what sum of money the town will vote and raise for the purchase of text-books for the ensuing year.
- Art. 17. To see what sum of money the town will vote and raise for the repair of schoolhouses for the year 1924, and overexpenditure.
- Art. 18. To see what sum of money the town will vote and raise for school supplies for ensuing year.
- Art. 19. To see if the town will vote to authorize the Superintending School Committee to maintain schools in the North Bethel and Northwest Bethel districts.
- Art. 20. To see what sum of money the town will vote and raise for the repair of roads and bridges for the ensuing year.
- Art. 21. To see what sum of money the town will vote and raise for winter roads and overexpenditure for the winter of 1924.
- Art. 22. To see if the town will vote "yes" or "no" on the question of appropriating and raising money necessary to entitle the town to State-aid as provided in Section 20 of Chapter 130, Public Laws of 1913.
- Art. 23. To see if the town will vote and raise \$666.00 for the improvement of the section of State-aid road as outlined in the report of the State Highway Commission, in addition to the amount regularly raised for care of highways.
- Art. 24. To see if the town will vote and raise money, and what sum, for the maintenance and patrol of State and State-aid highways during the ensuing year under the provisions of Section 9, Chapter 130, Public Laws of 1913.
- Art. 25. To see if the town will vote and raise the sum of \$100.00, the same to be spent in conjunction with \$1,000 appropriated by State and \$300.00 by County Commissioners, for repairing Bethel's portion of road near Milton Plantation.
- Art. 26. To see if the town will vote to buy a light auto truck to be used by the Road Commissioner in transporting men and tools, for road work, and raise money for same.
- Art. 27. To see if the town at the present time cares to act in conjunction with the State and County in the building of 2 or more cement bridges, one at Alder River on State road, the other at Mill Brook on West Bethel road, and if so, how shall such construction be financed.
- Art. 28. To see if the town will accept the street leading from Chapman Street in an easterly direction, some 600 feet in length, toward Vernon Street. [No land damage.]
- Art. 29. To see if the town will vote and raise money to build a sewer line from the Springer mill property to Androscoggin River.
- Art. 30. To see what sum of money the town will vote and raise for support of poor for ensuing year.
- Art. 31. To see what sum of money the town will vote and raise for town officers for year 1924.
- Art. 32. To see what sum of money the town will vote and raise for paying town debt and interest.
- Art. 33. To see what sum of money the town will vote and raise for the observance of Memorial Day, said money to be expended by Brown Port, G. A. R.
- Art. 34. To see if the town will vote and raise money to pay Collector's bond for ensuing year.
- Art. 35. To see if the town will vote and raise money to pay for Treasurer's bond for 1924.
- Art. 36. To see if the town will authorize the town to hire money if necessary to pay outstanding bills.
- Art. 37. To see if the town will vote and raise the sum of \$100.00 to procure from the Bethel Library Association the free use of the books during the coming year for all the inhabitants of the town under such restrictions and regulations as shall insure the safety and good usage of the books.
- Art. 38. To see if the town will authorize the Moderator to appoint a committee of 12 to be known as the Budget Committee.
- Art. 39. To see if the town will accept the jury list as made by the Selectmen and Town Clerk.
- Art. 40. To see if the town will vote and raise the sum of \$333.00, the same being the town's portion of rent of Hall, room and leaders for Company of National Guard, to comply with Public Laws, Chapter 15, Sections 30-34 inclusive.
- Art. 41. To see what sum of money the town will vote and raise for miscellaneous expenses.

Art. 42. To see if the town will vote and raise the sum of \$500.00 for widening and repairing Bethel's part of the Sunday River road at the narrow curves. [This article comes by petition from Bethel and Newry voters].

Any other business that may legally come before the meeting.

Hereof, fail not, and have you there this warrant with your doings thereon.

Given under our hands the 10th day of February, A. D. 1924.

FRANK A. BROWN,  
W. H. THURSTON,  
F. B. HOWE,

Selectmen of the Town of Bethel.

The Selectmen will be in their office on Saturday the first day of March for the purpose of correcting the list of voters of the town and hearing and deciding cases of applicants desiring the right to have their names on the voting list.

## SUPREME JUDICIAL COURT

(Continued from page 1)

L. M. Currier of Woodstock, William M. Kidder of Dixfield and Chester A. Witham of Oxford were excused from serving.

There were no cases for jury trial ready so all jurors were excused until Friday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

CASES ASSIGNED FOR THIS WEEK

The following cases were assigned for Monday:

Grover C. Hartford vs. Western Maine Power Company, auto collision.

Mildred F. Hartford vs. Western Maine Power Company, auto collision.

Frank J. Waide vs. Hiram LaGoff, account.

Erwin G. Gilles vs. Frank J. Waldo and trustee, note.

Edwin D. Walker vs. Frank Miller, trespass.

Those assigned for Tuesday were:

Frank Veliquosky vs. Wild B. Twaddle, trespass.

James H. Packard vs. O. H. Hildreth, account.

Sherman E. Newton vs. Lyman Winslow and trustee, account.

Backfield Farmers' Union vs. Percy Thompson.

Gray Manufacturing Company vs. Harold B. Payne.

Herrick Brothers Company vs. Jack McKenzie.

The grand jury finished its investigation Thursday night, and Friday morning reported these indictments:

Nathan Eldridge, larceny.

Tony Jaanael, Roy and Ernest Lohsel, larceny.

Mila Shippen, illegal possession.

Charles P. Cotton, nuisance.

Antonio Umbo, assault with a dangerous weapon.

Owen Palmer, transportation of liquor without permit.

John J. Carroll, possession of still.

Napoleon Grotreau, attempted manufacture of liquor.

Irvy M. Kallack, rape.

Vietor Pilpanen, assault with dangerous weapon.

Wilfred Grotreau, larceny.

Alvin C. Scribner, driving an auto while in a state of intoxication.

Ernest L. Stevens, forgery.

Fred Berrier, assault.

John J. Carroll, possession of mash.

Rinaldo L. Cummings, misbranding apples.

John Bernard, possession of still.

John Bernard, possession of mash.

Henry G. Holt and Walter W. Harding, larceny.

Erwin Hutchinsan, assault.

The criminal cases were put on Friday afternoon and the first jury trial of the term took place at that time.

The first case thus put on was that of Charles P. Cotton for keeping a liquor nuisance. Mr. Cotton runs a lodging house on Congress Street in Rumford Falls. He caters to a class of people who want a cheaper place than the usual hotel—woodmen and that class of people. It seems complaints of intoxication among these lodgers have led to raids. On the 23d of last December one of these raids was made with a result of finding several bottles full or partly full of alcohol, and the indictment of Mr. Cotton was the result.

Mr. Cotton's defense was a general denial. He claimed to have furnished no liquor, but such as was found belonged to his guests and was brought there by them.

Albert Beliveau was his attorney.

The jury in the Cotton case was out five hours but could not agree.

Saturday morning other criminal matters were brought before the attention of the court.

Owen Palmer of Rumford, against whom there were two indictments and two appeals was from the Rumford Municipal Court for illegal transportation of liquor, retracted his former plea of not guilty to one of guilty, and was sentenced to pay a fine of \$200 and serve a sentence of two months in the county jail, with six months additional in default of fine.